

# THE CONVERGENCE INITIATIVE

A framework to strengthen synergetic action between food systems transformation and climate action agendas

Version 2

# THE ORIGINS OF THE CONVERGENCE INITIATIVE

The Convergence Initiative is based upon two essential milestones of global processes related to the 2030 Agenda and the Paris Agreement that were achieved during 2023, namely the following:

- The UN Secretary-General's <u>Call to Action for Accelerated Food Systems Transformation</u> released at the 1st UN Food Systems Summit Stocktaking Moment (UNFSS+2) in July 2023 emphasizing, inter alia, the need to "align the implementation of national food systems transformation pathways with the continuous updates of Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) and National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) for climate action".
- The <u>COP28 UAE Declaration on Sustainable Agriculture, Resilient Food Systems, and</u> <u>Climate Action</u>, endorsed by the heads of 159 Member States stressing, inter alia, that "any path to fully achieving the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement must include agriculture and food systems" and affirming that "agriculture and food systems must urgently adapt and transform in order to respond to the imperatives of climate change".

The FAO Roadmap <u>Achieving SDG2 without breaching the 1.5°C threshold</u> also offers a strategic framing to governments as they explore approaches that work best in their own context and provides complimentary elements that link the agenda of food systems transformation and climate action.

To support the implementation of these ambitious purposes, the UN Food Systems Coordination Hub has developed the Convergence Initiative which was launched by the UN Deputy Secretary-General during the COP28, and the Hub has been entrusted with the implementation of the Initiative.

# **OBJECTIVE AND EXPECTED OUTCOMES**

The Convergence Initiative aims to support national efforts to advance the alignment between the "food systems transformation (FST)" and "climate action (CA)" agendas to enable governments and stakeholders at national level to strengthen synergetic action that will simultaneously support the achievement of the SDGs and the Paris Climate Agreement.

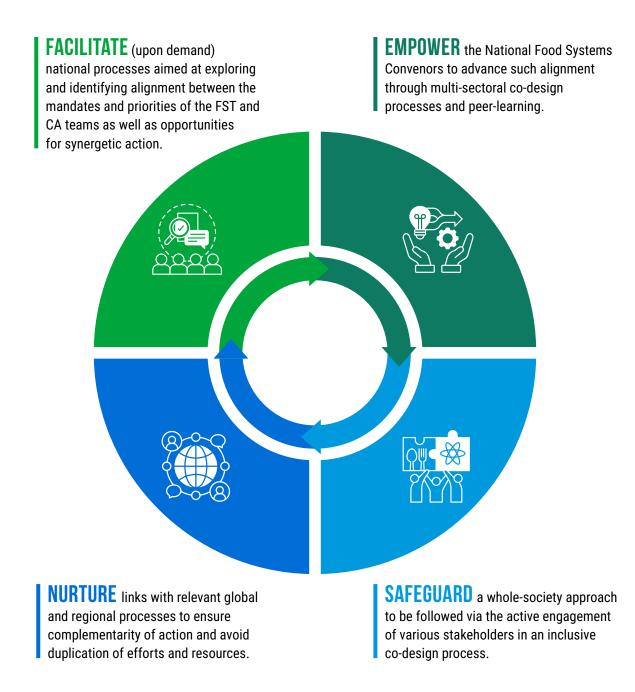
It is expected that the Convergence Initiative will strategically contribute to change in three different areas:

- Governance: Cross-sectoral and multi-stakeholder coordination mechanisms being established or strengthened, and supported by multi-sector monitoring, evaluation and learning processes.
- Policy: Convergence Action Blueprints (CABs) could be developed based on each country's policy mechanisms and tools. The CABs will be multi-dimensional frameworks with the objective to coordinate action towards improved outcomes. The FST Pathways, NDCs, NAPs, and other relevant national plans will provide the main dimensions to be considered for the CABs.
- Implementation: Programs, projects and initiatives being implemented that reflect convergence and collaboration between multiple stakeholders across different sectors, including agriculture, environment, climate, health and others. The implementation is based on countries' priorities and targeted sectors. This requires defining a voluntary monitoring framework at the country level.



# **THE ENVISAGED CONVERGENCE PROCESS**

The Hub will design a process to operationalize the objective and expected results of the Convergence Initiative based on the following approach:



These four elements will be implemented and incorporated with action at national, regional and global levels. The Hub will coordinate the implementation building upon expertise and capacities of the FAO, WFP, IFAD as well as other UN agencies that support countries in the areas of food systems transformations and climate action. Details on each of these four elements are provided below.



# **FACILITATE NATIONAL PROCESSES**

The Convergence Initiative is open to all countries that are covering the following two conditions:

- A National Food Systems Convenor is in place: The Hub will continue engaging with the National Food Systems Convenors. Governments who wish to appoint a new National Convenor are welcome to nominate one. The Hub will promote the empowerment of women National Convenors.
- Formation of a Convergence Group: The National Convenor, supported by the UN Resident Coordinator, reaches out to existing national focal points for climate action and biodiversity with the purpose to jointly form a Convergence Group to advance the Convergence Initiative at country level.

In general, the country level process could follow four concrete and interconnected stages as follows.

### PREPARATION

Identifying existing elements of convergence and the essential participants in national processes and establishing a Convergence Group; Assembling information and analysis on the extent of cross sector convergence in food systems policymaking, implementation, and governance; Developing a work plan with objectives for the national convergence process.

### DIALOGUES

Convening multi-level, cross-sector, and inclusive multi-stakeholder dialogues to surface different perspectives within and among diverse stakeholder groups: use dialogues to examine challenges and priorities from different points of view, harnessing interdisciplinary science and local insights.

### **OPPORTUNITIES**

Exploring options for greater convergence: Work in sub-groups to establish synergies, expose difficult choices, and test new arrangements for intensifying convergence in a politically contested context.

### CONSOLIDATION

Design convergence action blueprints and incorporate arrangements that lead to greater convergence across agriculture, food, climate, biodiversity and nutrition through governance shifts and changes in policies and implementation.

It is expected that each country will decide on its own implementation arrangements and specific planning process.

A note on the Convergence Action Blueprints. The CABs are not intended to be frameworks that will substitute, or merge, existing national development frameworks related to FST and CA. They will rather be voluntary frameworks that will focus on identifying key interventions and milestones that can promote synergetic action that will simultaneously support the achievement of the SDGs, and the Paris Climate Agreement. The CABs will be characterized by their emphasis on collaboration, inclusivity, and responsiveness to local contexts. The CABs attempts to codify a transformative systems approach at the national level. They will not be merely another plan; rather, they serves as a guidance designed to catalyze synergies between these critical agendas, fostering collaborative pathways that drive meaningful change. Each national Convergence Group will define the specific outline and the content of the CABs based on the national process.

Through the Convergence Initiative, the UN Food Systems Coordination Hub supports National Convenors in direct coordination with the UN Resident Coordinators and UN Country Teams, with:

#### **Convenor connection moments**

There will be periodic orientation sessions and regional meetings where National Convenors and their teams will be invited to share the progress and challenges they face to advance the national convergence processes.

### Upon demand facilitation of national dialogues

Regular liaison with National Convenors and the Convergence Group to respond to questions and offer country specific on demand coaching as needed.

#### Bespoke (and upon demand) support for convergence action blueprints

Planning workshops and peer-learning sessions, provision of technical and financial support.

#### **Progress reporting**

Synthesis reports on country progress ahead of COP29, UNFSS+4 and COP30.



### **EMPOWER THE NATIONAL FOOD SYSTEMS CONVENORS**

The Hub acts as the connector of the National Food Systems Convenors and it has been positioned to supporting them on implementing their national food systems transformation pathways. Within these efforts, the Hub will be using a set of coordination activities that will aim to increase their operational capacity to advance the alignment of FST and CA processes through multi-sectoral co-design processes and peer-learning. Towards this objective, the Hub will provide the following coordination services.

### **Regional meetings**

Regional meetings for the National Convenors focusing on the Convergence Initiative inclusive of participation of climate action focal points.

### Knowledge support and materials

Convergence Framework, Dialogue guidance, tools for advancing food systems transformation through NDCs, NAPs and other frameworks and vice versa.

### Integration in climate fora

Support the participation of National Convenors to relevant regional or global climate action fora and peer-learning events to enhance their capacity and links with the climate action ecosystems.





### SAFEGUARDING A WHOLE-SOCIETY APPROACH

While the national level work will be led by governments, the Hub will advocate towards ensuring that stakeholders and the ecosystem of support will be included in this work with a particular focus on food producers, consumers, businesses, cooperatives, civil society organizations, Indigenous Peoples, women, young people (in schools and universities), youth organizations, caregivers, private sector associations, research institutions, and more, and ensure that meaningful commitments for action coming from these dialogues are included in the government strategies.

At the global level, the Hub will continue to enhance its engagement with stakeholder groups that can provide added value to national convergence processes. The Hub will also link the Convergence Initiative to other initiatives that contribute to the implementation of the UN Secretary-General's Call to Action of the UNFSS+2. To this extent, the Hub will coordinate work with partners to ensure that the Convergence Initiative creates value on achieving the following aspect of the call:

### Investing in research, data, innovation, and technology

Investing in research, data, innovation, and technology capacities including stronger connections to science, experience and expertise including through the work of the Hub's Scientific Advisory committee (SAC).

#### **Deepening joined-up participatory design**

Deepening joined-up participatory design and implementation inclusive of women, young people and Indigenous Peoples at the local level, with knowledge sharing, cross-sector programming, multi-stakeholder partnering, context and place-based actions, stronger and more diverse production, and mutual accountability.

### Promoting increased engagement of businesses

Promoting increased engagement of businesses, including through public-private partnerships, to shape the sustainability of food systems and establish and strengthen accountability mechanisms, recognizing their centrality for food systems.



# **NURTURING LINKS**

The long-term success of the Convergence Initiative will depend, inter alia, on ensuring that synergetic food systems transformation and climate action is featured at the regional and global levels as a solution to achieving the SDGs, the Paris Agreement, and related development objectives. To achieve this, the Convergence Initiative will establish coordination links with global and regional processes and fora that are central to these objectives. These processes and/or fora include, but are not limited, to the following:



The Hub, in coordination with the UN agencies supporting the Hub, will prioritize engagement with these processes and design with partners key interventions that will advance the convergence agenda and will showcase successes and results from countries.

## **MONITORING PROGRESS**

An initial draft proposed framework to monitor the convergence process at the country level comprises 10 indicators and it represents a starting point that will be further be reviewed and aligned with recommendations that will be coming from national processes. Some of these indicators will include a set of data points for each indicator, combining yes and no answers with a qualitative description. The collected quantitative data could be supplemented with qualitative data gathered from National Convenors and other in-country focal points. This information will be cross-referenced with other sources, including the UN Country Teams (UNCT) and other organizations within the Ecosystem of Support (EoS), the convening team, and potentially climate focal points. It is expected that the information tracked throughout the process will provide not only quantitative indicators but also trends. It is expected that this framework might be modified following consultation with relevant actors especially at the country level.



MONITORING COUNTRY CONVERGENCE PROCESS		
GOVERNANCE SHIFTS	POLICY SHIFTS	IMPLEMENTATION SHIFTS
Are there cross-sectoral and multi-stakeholder mechanisms established that include relevant sectors (e.g. agriculture, climate, nutrition, environment, health, and others)? How do they function?	Are food systems issues integrated into NDPs, NAPs, Long-term Strategies, National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans, and other related strategies within the coming two years, in time for COP30?	Are programs, projects and initiatives being implemented that reflect convergence and collaboration between multiple stakeholders across different sectors, including agriculture, environment, climate and nutrition?
<ol> <li>Number of countries establishing functional connections between the National Convenor and the Climate focal point.</li> <li>Number of countries with established cross-sectoral and multi-stakeholder committees / mechanisms that include relevant sectors (e.g. agriculture, climate, environment, health and others) and the voice and interest of diverse stakeholders.</li> <li>Number of countries conducting multi- stakeholder dialogues and/or other consultative processes to identify trade-offs and synergies in related policies across sectors including agriculture, environment, climate, health and others.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Number of countries conducting analysis, including gap assessments, on trade- offs and synergies in related policies across sectors to inform the policy making process.</li> <li>Number of countries reporting updated food systems transformation pathways or other similar documents to integrate national priorities for action on climate and nature.</li> <li>Number of countries in which food systems have been integrated into their NAPs, NDCs 3.0, Long- term Strategies, NBSAPs, and other related strategies before the convening of COP30.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Number of countries reporting implementation plans developed to operationalize food system transformation and climate action at national and subnational levels.</li> <li>Number of countries reporting programs, projects and initiatives being implemented that involve collaboration between multiple stakeholders across sectors, including agriculture, environment and climate sectors.</li> <li>Number of countries setting up and/or aligning monitoring and evaluation mechanisms / systems to track convergence of food systems and climate action.</li> <li>Number of countries reporting on interdisciplinary research projects to advance food systems transformation</li> </ol>

# **IMPLEMENTATION MODALITIES**

- The Hub will coordinate the implementation of the initiative building upon expertise and capacities
  of the FAO, WFP, IFAD as well as other UN agencies that support countries in the areas of food
  systems transformations and climate action.
- The Hub will ensure that the work under the Convergence Initiative will be drawing on references such as the FAO Roadmap to SDG2, will work closely and collaboratively with the NDC partnership, and associated process aiming to update policy instruments such as NDCs and NAPs. The Convergence Initiative will also explore at the national level opportunities to link with the work of the teams that develop and implement National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans (NBSAPs), and other related strategies.
- The convening of national-level dialogues will be under the auspices of the UNRCs who will be enabled to support the process at national level.
- Regional-level work will be done in direct collaboration with the UN Regional Commissions and the regional offices of FAO, WFP and IFAD as well as other agencies that will provide support for the Initiative.
- The Hub will also partner with knowledge organizations to ensure that state-of-the art knowledge and capacity development services are provided to the national level.
- The development of convergence action blueprints at the national level will respect national
  policies and operational modalities and will be based on a modular approach that will lead to
  bespoke and demand-driven support at the country level. It is expected that each country will
  decide on the exact implementation modality for the initiative at the national level under the
  overall guidance and quality assurance outline of the Convergence Framework.
- The Hub will collaborate with the 4SD Foundation for the facilitation of national processes building on the experience of 4SD on supporting the national food systems dialogues and relevant processes. The 4SD will act as a service provider for the Hub to ensure that a central node for the national dialogues in in place supporting their organization, tracking progress on the dialogues, compiling summaries and other relevant deliverables that will help to present the results of the initiative.

